Disclosures for ASHA 2017 Presentation

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Non-Financial Disclosure: Dr. Williams supervises in the FAU clinic, from which much of the distance therapy information was gathered.



Outline:

FAU Distance Therapy Program Dale Williams Florida Atlantic University

- 1. Origin of the Program
- a) Began as accent reduction program
- b) Rwandese officials very interested in English language training
- 2. Language in Rwanda
- a) English has replaced French as official language
- b) Kinyarwanda the most prominent language spoken
- 3. Licensing & Security
- a) Rwanda had no laws restricting distance therapy
- b) Skype vs ConnectUS
- 4. Stuttering Evaluations
- a) Conducted via webcam
- b) Materials sent by email
- c) Standard assessment tasks
- 5. Stuttering Therapy Goals

- a) Education about speech and stuttering
- b) Stuttering & fluency modification
- c) Desensitization
- d) Counseling
- e) Generalization
- 6. Stuttering Therapy Barriers
- a) Monitoring loudness
- b) Identification of secondary behaviors
- c) Missed non-verbal cues
- d) Limits to generalization
- e) Technology drawbacks
- 7. Additional Challenges
- a) 7-hour time difference
- b) Holidays and other events celebrated in one country but not the other
- c) Daylight savings time
- 8. Benefits
- a) Providing therapy to an area with no SLPs and limited understanding of stuttering.
- b) Distance treatment means that anyone can be seen by a therapist, as long as he or she has access to a computer.
- c) Experience can be just as personal as face-to-face therapy.
- d) Convenience to clients
- e) Longer sessions
- 9. Language as a Shared Experience
- 10. Future Considerations
- a) FAU's Department of Communication Sciences & Disorders has been contacted by other universities for information about the teletherapy program described here.
- b) Client inquiries have come in from Great Britain, Egypt, Brazil, and the Caribbean.

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